Triibe

**Radwan Susan**

**Zaid Al-Tamari**

**Omar Thaer**

**Doaa Abd Aljbar**

**Hamza Khatari**

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Abstract

These recent years witnessed a substantial emergence of social networking sites (SNSs) which some even refer to as an arising phenomenon. Besides the main function of communication of SNSs, the applications integrated within the SNSs are of great popularity and thus help gain more users.

The project “Triibe” is a Social Networking Website. The primary objective of the project is to develop a web-based online service, platform, or site to focus on building and reflecting social relations among people. The Project consists of network services that will provide a combination of good facilities of various social networking websites, and it also provides the functionalities that are not present in other websites. Each process is converted into a different module. Each module is connected to another, and the data related to the software are stored in a single and centralized database.

When the system would be implemented the users can log themselves in then they can access various facilities such as sending messages and creating posts as well as file sharing and many other functionalities.

In conclusion, we think that a network of websites, which the users use daily, could provide the functionality of an Internet-connected world.

Acknowledgment

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# Introduction

Social Networking - It's the way the 21st century communicates now. Social networking is the grouping of individuals into specific groups, like small rural communities or a neighborhood subdivision. Although social networking is possible in person, especially in the workplace, universities, and high schools, it is most popular online. This is because unlike most high schools, colleges, or workplaces, the internet is filled with millions of individuals who are looking to meet other people.

A social network is the mapping and measuring of relationships and flows between people, groups, organizations, computers, URLs, and other connected information/knowledge entities. The nodes in the network are the people and groups while the links show relationships or flows between the nodes. The social network provides both a visual and mathematical analysis of human relationships.

The Social Networking Website project itself is a huge project comprising various features like profile updating, friend’s list organization, and various other applications to enhance the overall look and feel of the website. However, in this project, we are working on three essential features or modules (GROUPS & COMMUNITY PAGES & PROFILE MANAGEMENT).

The GROUPS module offers members the opportunity to establish and join groups of similar people and interests, and to see members sharing common interests that can bring benefits to each other.

COMMUNITY PAGES The goal of community pages is to unite communities on certain topics. It helps users to learn about a certain topic and exchange their views and thoughts on it.

PROFILE MANAGEMENT module maintains the profile of a user like a name, likes, dislikes, hobbies, status, etc.

Profiles and Friends lists are two key features on social network sites. The third is a public commenting feature ('Testimonials', 'Comments', 'The Wall'). This feature allows individuals to comment on their Friends' profiles. These comments are displayed prominently and visible for anyone who has access to that profile.

## Project Background

Since their introduction, social networking sites (SNSs) such as Facebook, WhatsApp, Instagram have attracted millions of users, many of whom have integrated these sites into their daily practices. At the time being there have been ~ 2 billion Active Users surfing these websites daily.

Currently, students are having no particular time to share with their friends. So, universities need a medium to share messages widely and connect with others. And on the other side, people also want that everyone should know about them and want to increase their links (network).

There are many ways to get recognized in the world, but they need lots of money to be effective. But on the other hand, social networking is one of the best ways to get recognized without cost. If we talk in the term of different situations where the people need something which is not provided by that application, then they must use other resources whether those are urgently required by them. So, in that situation, it is very much time taking to collect those resources and use that for their purpose.

The application will allocate the bridge among the students to connect the individual with the entire university and provide lots of features within the application.

## Problem Statement

Recent technological developments, including smartphones, laptops, and the Internet, have reduced the physical barriers to communication and made people communicate through a global network, social networking is the grouping of individuals into specific groups, like small rural communities or a neighborhood subdivision, if you will. Although social networking is possible in person, especially in the workplace, universities, and high schools, it is most popular online.

A study by researchers at the University of Minnesota “found that of the students observed, 94 percent used the Internet, 82 percent go online at home and 77 percent had a profile on a social networking site.” (University of Minnesota, 2008).

According to a survey that was conducted by Whitmore School of Business and Economics and by the University of New Hampshire, they interviewed 1,127 college students. Among these students, 96% of them use Facebook, 8.4 out of 10 use YouTube, 20% use blogs, 1.4 out of 10 of them use Twitter, 12% use “Myspace”, and 1 out of 10 of them use LinkedIn. Also, 81% of college students use social sites (oclc.org). These statistics seem to show that many college students often use social networks or social media, or most of them use social sites. (Whitmore School of Business and Economics, University of New Hampshire).

Social network sites sometimes give advantages to students inside their universities or among certain institutions outside of colleges, by sharing information and files among the university students, these activities are also considered by teachers who wish to support the college's professional community. and considered by the university president where he can encourage the use of these types of platforms.

With "Triibe" students, teachers, employees can easily communicate with each other as well as share files, pictures, videos inside the platform, "Triibe" solves the problem where students have to use different Social network sites to communicate and achieve what they were making, which makes it more efficient and effective for the students, and "Triibe" can help teachers by helping them spread their word across the students by the use of groups inside the platform.

Using "Triibe" helps people communicate easily to keep in contact with old friends and colleagues. We also can seek any information we need on the internet. As we know, the Internet carries an extensive range of information resources. students can further explore topics that they’re interested in through online social networking.

## Project Objectives

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## Project Significance

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## Project Gantt Chart

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# LITERATURE REVIEW

## Definitions

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## Tables

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Table x.x: Mean and SD for …..

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Item | M | SD |
| 1. The | 3.27 | 0.77 |
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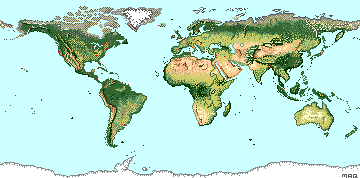


Figure x.x: Regions that Exhibit Highest Population Growth

# Methodology

This chapter describes the research method used in this study, the system development research methodology has been adapted and the main stages of the system development processes are shown in figure 3.1.

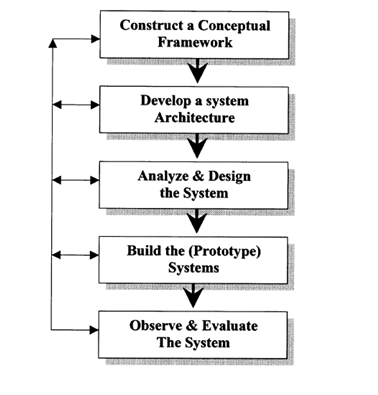
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Figure 3.1: A Processes for Systems Development Research (Nunamaker et. al. 1991)

## Construct Framework

According to Nunamaker*et. al*. (1991) research domain is the subject matter under study, the researchers must have a better understanding of the research domain. During this period all the ideas, information, issue, any problem related to the project.

## Develop System Architecture

During this phase, the research focuses more on identifying the system component and defining the relationship among them. The processes for system development research are used as a guideline to achieve the objective of the research project.

## Analyze and Design the System

In this project, the design phase used Unified Modeling Language (UML). UML has several representations such as Data Flow Diagram (DFD), Class Diagram, and Use Case Diagram………….

## Build the Prototype System

The fourth phase is prototype implementation to demonstrate the functionality of the project, the development processes involved transforming the analysis and design of the model into executable form, the chosen software was used to develop the prototype application.

## Observe and Evaluate the System

In this phase, the researcher will evaluate it by observing the performance of the system testing is the final phase in system development.

# ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

## Analysis

### Requirements Determination

### System's Requirements

## Design

Theoretically, designing the project system involved two main processes that were categorized into the logical design and physical design.

### Logical Design

#### Use Case Diagram

#### Sequence Diagrams

#### Data Flow Diagram

#### Entity Relationship Diagram

### Physical Design

Meanwhile, physical design deals with the process of converting the logical design into a more technical specification of the system development. In designing the physical part of the system, all diagrams that were produced in the logical design were turned into a structured systems design. During physical design, the researcher determined which programming language and database system will be used as well as the determination of which hardware platform, operating system, and network environment the system will run under. The specifications are portrayed in table 4.1.

Table 4.1: H/W.S/W Specifications

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Purpose | H/W.S/W Requirements |
| Programming Language |  |
| Operating System |  |
| Hardware |  |

# findingS

## Introduction

## Project Interfaces and their Description

# OBSERVE AND EVALUATE

This chapter discusses the analysis of the evaluation that will conduct for this project

# CONCLUSION

## Conclusion

## Limitations

## Future Works

references

<In-text citations and corresponding references must be in APA 6th Edition format>

1. Sample Appendix

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